

SUPPLY DIVISION: CRITICAL FUNCTIONS

- Supports results for children with an effective, efficient supply operation
- Helps meet UNICEF Core Commitments for Children in emergencies by providing rapid response to emergency supply and logistics needs
- Contributes to influencing markets to ensure sustainable access to essentials supplies for children
- Serves as a centre of expertise and knowledge on essential supplies for children and supply chains, while building capacities of national governments
- Provides procurement services to governments and development partners on strategic and essential supplies
- Establishes policies for supply chain activities
- Uses product innovation to increase results and decrease costs



EVOLUTION OF THE SUPPLY FUNCTION





Towards 2030: An Ambition Renewed

PRINCIPLES Accountability Anti-racism and Non-discrimination Equity / Inclusion / LNOB **Gender Equality Human Rights Humanitarian Principles** Access CROSS-CUTTING PROGRAMMES Climate Action Disability Gender **Peacebuilding** Resilience Medium-Term Changes (by 2025) Enablers Impact Change Strategies Long-Term Results (by 2030) Country-level Goal Area 1. Advocacy and Every child, including Communications Catalytic Child, Adolescent, Youth adolescents, survives and **Engagement and Empowerment** Realising the rights of thrives, with access to Community Engagement, Accelerated adequate diets, services, every child, including Child-friendly Governance, Social and Behaviour Resource practices and supplies Institutions, Policies and Laws adolescents especially Change Mobilisation Goal Area 2. the most excluded Data. Research. Comprehensive and Predictable Agile and **Evaluation** and Every child, including Financing for Children Responsive Knowledge Management adolescents, learns and **Business** Decision-making Based on Data acquires skills for the future Model and Evidence Digital Transformation Goal Area 3. Decentralised Equitable and Inclusive Access to Every child, including and Empowered Essential Supplies and Services SH Working adolescents, is protected from Internal **Gender Transformative** DECADE violence, exploitation, abuse, Governance and **Programming** Full Implementation of the CCCs OF>>> neglect and harmful practices Oversight for Children in Humanitarian and ACTION Fragile Settings Goal Area 4. Dynamic and Innovation Every child, including Inclusive People and Greater Public Engagement and adolescents, has access to Support to Child Rights safe and equitable water, Partnership and Culture Engagement: sanitation and hygiene Positive Behaviours, Social and CRC **Public and Private** Gender Norms services and supplies, and Strategic lives in a safe and sustainable Internal Risk-informed Programmes that Reduce **CEDAW** Communication climate and environment Humanitarian and Fragility, Prevent Crisis and Build and Staff **Development Nexus** Peace Goal Area 5. Engagement CRPD **Programming** Every child, including Strategically Mobilised Business adolescents, has access to Systems Strengthening for Results

Sphere of control and accountability

Sphere of influence

Vision

Regional- and global-level

inclusive social protection and

lives free from poverty

to Leave No One Behind

SUPPLY STRATEGIC PRIORITIES 2022–2025



UNICEF and governments have improved emergency preparedness planning that include all relevant supply elements and improved timeliness of procurement, transport and delivery of supplies for emergencies



Supply Division's procurement and delivery advances access to essential supplies and services with a focus on areas where UNICEF has the strongest comparative advantage



Market influencing and product innovation

Businesses are engaged in the development of innovative products; and country programmes together with governments generate demand and implement products which meet programmatic needs and benefit children and families



Countries' domestic and domesticallymobilized financing have increased and access to essential commodities for children (and their families) has improved



An increasing number of countries independently manage their national supply chains in the areas of health, nutrition and education efficiently, effectively and with technical long-term sustainability



Decision making is supported by improved access to real-time data and evidence and the UNICEF supply chain is optimized through the use of digital solutions and new technologies



The expertise, technologies, networks and resources of public and private sector partners are increasingly leveraged, based on shared interest, to advance access to essential supplies for children



The Supply Community has progressed in becoming a more agile, diverse, high performing & connected workforce thriving in a nurturing, inclusive and empowering organizational culture

SUPPLY DIVISION

Copenhagen | Valencia | Budapest New York | Addis Ababa

~50% 600 STAFF

~50% WOMEN

~50% from PROGRAMME COUNTRIES



~50% from INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES

EXPERTISE

Market experts

Monitoring specialists

Product experts

Pharmacists

Financing experts

Logisticians

Buyers

Warehouse managers

Shipping experts

Quality assurance

Nutritionists

Planners/Forecasters

Architects

Engineers

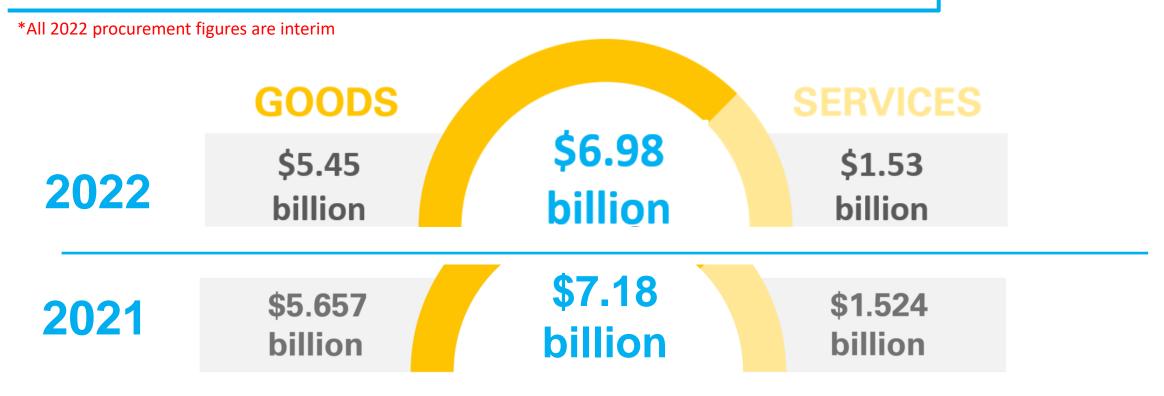
Inspectors

 2021 North-South Prize of the Council of Europe for the COVAX Mechanism (UNICEF, Gavi, CEPI, WHO)

 2022 Supply Chain Excellence Award with Crown Agents for a COVID-19 help desk to advise countries on cold chain vaccine logistics & storage



UNICEF PROCUREMENT VALUE*



- In 2022 UNICEF procured \$6.98 billion worth of supplies and services representing a
 3 per cent decrease from 2021 levels and a 56 per cent increase from 2020 levels.
- The 2022 levels were driven by the COVID-19 pandemic response, the Food Insecurity Crisis, and continued demand for construction services

TOP COMMODITY GROUPS 2021*



\$4.121 billionVaccines/biologicals

- 2.3 billion doses of paediatric vaccines for 108 countries.
- COVAX delivered 947.7 million doses of COVID-19 vaccine to 144 countries.
- UNICEF managed the delivery of more than 884.2 million COVID-19 vaccines to 110 countries.



\$397.5 million

Medical supplies and equipment

 includes \$352.2 million in COVID-19 non-immunization supplies.



\$204.9 million Cold chain equipment

 \$73.2 million in solar-powered systems procured for 62 countries.



- 67 per cent were sourced from programme countries.
- 44,554 metric tons of RUTF delivered to 59 countries.



 42,968 procured for 105 countries.



 468.8 million purification tablets and sachets to treat 10.6 billion litres of water.



- 350.8 million amoxicillin pneumonia treatments for children under 5 years old in 54 countries.
- 52.5 million cotrimoxazole tablets to 16 countries.
- 20.6 million ACT malaria treatments to 29 countries.



\$81.5 million Bed nets/insecticides

 18.6 million LLINs were delivered to 21 countries.

* by procurement value

UNICEF GLOBAL SUPPLY HUBS

Copenhagen | Dubai | Panama City | Brindisi | Guangzhou

In 2022*, deliveries from the Global Hubs reached \$365.2 million – 87 million (31 per cent) more than the prior all-time high of \$278.1 million in 2021

*interim figure

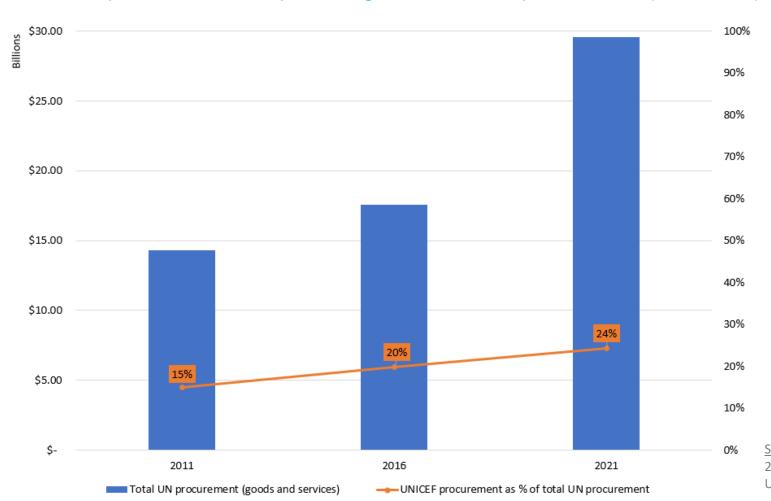


- The UNICEF Global Supply and Logistics Hub in Copenhagen is the world's largest humanitarian warehouse.
- Global Hubs maintain three-months' emergency stock for 250,000 people.
- Strategic locations ensure emergency deliveries within 72 hours wherever they are needed
- Only 5 per cent of supplies pass through UNICEF Global Supply Hubs.
- Most deliveries (e.g., vaccines and Ready-to-Use Therapeutic Food (RUTF)) are shipped directly from suppliers to the destination country.

UNICEF accounts for 24% of total **UN** procurement

UN procurement across 41 organizations was 29.6 billion in 2021

UNICEF procurement as a percentage of overall UN procurement (2011-2021)



<u>Sources</u>: UNICEF Supply Division, data on file, 2022; UNGM—Annual Statistical Reports on United Nations Procurement

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS & RESPONSE - 2022

- Ukraine and outflow countries over \$100M of supplies arrived in Ukraine
- Afghanistan deepening crisis: economic, nutrition, social, and education; World Bank Health Emergency Response (HER) Project & education supply
- Yemen high supply needs for health, nutrition and education & complex logistics
- Horn of Africa (Somalia, Kenya, Ethiopia) continued worsening of drought conditions; mass scale-up of RUTF
- Sahel (Benin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Mali, Niger, Togo) – Regional-led response using regional warehouses and stockpile

- Haiti disease outbreaks and insecurity crisis
- Pakistan prepositioned supplies key in first wave response; charter flights; local procurement & kitting of education supplies
- Multiple health emergencies Ebola, Marburg, cholera (29 countries)
- Undeclared emergencies multiple tropical storms in Madagascar and the Philippines; prepositioned supplies utilized
- COVID-19 Vaccines and auxiliary supplies, therapeutics, oxygen, PPE

Universal factors: Timely decision-making & agility, Real-time Monitoring, Preparation saves time and money

UNICEF VACCINE INDEPENDENCE INITIATIVE (VII)

Accelerating access to supplies

- Since 1991, the VII has been a critical tool in ensuring that children have access to life-saving supplies. In 2020, the Executive Board approved a five-year extension of the VII for the period 2021 to 2025.
- The VII is UNICEF's primary supply pre-financing tool, supporting countries with short-term bridge financing to accelerate access to essential supplies while waiting for disbursements from national budget funds or other funding. It also supports special contacting with suppliers to accelerate supply availability or improved affordability.
- VII was a critical intervention during the COVID-19 response, which addressed many surge requirements to secure supply on behalf of countries while funding was mobilized.
- In 2022, the VII facilitated ~\$250 million to country governments and for special contracts that helped accelerate the procurement of vaccines, nutrition items and other critical supplies, especially as part of the Food Insecurity Crisis response.

