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United Nations Children's Fund

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Item 4 (a) of the provisional agenda*

Country programme document

Benin

Corrigendum

1. Page 1, Summary, line 3

For \$33,880,000 *read* \$24,477,000

2. Page 9, Summary budget table, columns headed “Regular resources” and “Total”

The entry for Every child, including adolescents, survives, thrives, uses safe and equitable WASH services and lives in a safe and sustainable climate and environment *should read* 7 365 for regular resources and 39 725 for total

The entry for Every child, including adolescents, learns and acquires skills for the future *should read* 3 006 for regular resources and 13 206 for total

The entry for Every child, including adolescents, is protected from violence, exploitation, abuse, neglect and harmful practices *should read* 3 246 for regular resources and 9 956 for total

The entry for Every child, including adolescents, has access to inclusive social protection and lives free from poverty *should read* 4 385 for regular resources and 30 105 for total

The entry for Programme effectiveness *should read* 6 475 for regular resources and 9 975 for total

The entry for Total *should read* 24 477 for regular resources and 102 967 for total

3. Pages 11–17, Annex, Results and resources framework

Replace Results and resources framework table with the table below.

* E/ICEF/2023/24.

Note: The present document was processed in its entirety by UNICEF.



Annex

Results and resources framework

Benin – UNICEF country programme of cooperation, 2024–2026

<p>Convention on the Rights of the Child: Articles 2–3, 5–8, 10, 12–13, 15, 17–20, 22–24, 26, 28, 32, 34, 37–38, 40</p> <p>National priorities (Government Action Programme): Pillars 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>Sustainable Development Goals: 1–6, 8, 10, 16–17</p>
<p>United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) outcomes involving UNICEF: 1, 2 and 3</p>
<p>Related UNICEF Strategic Plan, 2022–2025 Goal Areas: 1–5</p>

UNSDCF outcomes	UNICEF outcomes	Key progress indicators, baselines (B) and targets (T)	Means of verification	Country programme outputs	Major partners, partnership frameworks	Indicative resources by country programme outcome: regular resources (RR), other resources (OR) (In thousands of United States dollars)		
						RR	OR	Total
Outcomes 1, 2 and 3	Outcome 1: By 2026, children and their caregivers, especially those in conditions of great vulnerability, have improved use of quality, inclusive and timely services (health, nutrition, family care, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH)), including in emergency contexts, and adolescents are more engaged in	<p>Percentage of children aged 0–11 months vaccinated with three doses of DTP (diphtheria/pertussis/tetanus) vaccine nationally</p> <p>B: 76%; T: 90%</p> <p>Percentage of districts that have at least 80% of children aged 0–11 months vaccinated with three doses of DTP vaccine</p> <p>B: 90%; T: 95%</p> <p>Country has been verified/validated as having eliminated maternal and neonatal tetanus</p>	<p>Multiple indicator cluster surveys (MICS)/ Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) or World Health Organization (WHO)/ UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage</p> <p>MICS/DHS</p>	<p>1.1 Central and decentralized institutions and structures have increased capacities for governance, coordination, financing and monitoring of equity and gender responsive health, nutrition, water, hygiene and sanitation (WASH) policies and interventions.</p> <p>1.2 Health facilities, schools, community-based services and</p>	<p>Ministry of Water and Mines; National Agency of Rural Water Supply; Ministry of Living Environment and Sustainable Development; Ministry of Development and Coordination of Government Action; Permanent Secretariat of</p>	7 365	32 360	39 725

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	matters that affect their lives.	<p>B: Yes; T: Yes</p> <p>Percentage of children aged 6–59 months receiving two annual doses of vitamin A supplementation B: 42%; T: > 80%</p> <p>Percentage of pregnant women receiving at least four antenatal visits B: 52%; T: 55%</p> <p>Percentage of infants aged 0–5 months who are exclusively fed with breastmilk B: 44.9%; T: 47%</p> <p>Percentage of children aged 6–23 months receiving a minimum diet diversity B: 9%; T: 16%</p> <p>Percentage of children aged 0-23 months who are put to the breast within one hour of birth B: 25.1%; T: 60%</p> <p>Proportion of population practicing open defecation B: 48%; T: 40%</p> <p>Proportion of population using at least basic drinking water services B: 77%; T: 100%</p>	<p>MICS/DHS</p> <p>MICS/DHS</p> <p>MICS/DHS</p>	<p>communes have increased operational capacity to provide quality primary health care and water to children, adolescents, and pregnant and lactating women.</p> <p>1.3 Health facilities and community-based services have increased capacity to provide equitable and integrated quality services for routine immunization, including COVID-19, and the introduction of new vaccines, vitamin A and zinc supplementation, and deworming.</p> <p>1.4 Children, adolescents, pregnant and lactating women, and mothers of children have increased capacities to adopt behaviours conducive to well-being, health, nutrition and</p>	<p>the Food and Nutrition Council; municipalities; Directorate-General for Climate and the Environment; National Agency for Civil Protection</p> <p>WHO, World Food Programme (WFP), Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)</p> <p>CSOs, research institutions, private sector</p>			

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				WASH, and to participate in decision-making. 1.5 Schools, health facilities and households in vulnerable or emergency situations have reliable and equitable WASH services adapted to climate change.				
	Outcome 2: By 2026, children and adolescents (3–17), especially girls, disadvantaged children, and those out of school, learn on an equitable basis, and acquire skills to realize their full potential including in emergency contexts	Parity index Primary: B: 0.93; T: 0.98 Secondary: B: 0.88; T: 0.96 Technical education and vocational training B: 0.46; T: 0.60 Gross enrolment ratio in pre-primary education B: 15.9%; T: 20% Lower secondary education completion rate B: 26.5%; T: 35% Percentage of children in grades 2–3 achieving minimum proficiency levels in reading	Ministry of Preschool and Primary Education Ministry of Secondary, Technical and Vocational Education Programme for the Analysis of Educational Systems of the CONFEMEN Countries and other surveys	2.1 Youth, adolescents, and children, especially girls and out-of-school children, have the capacities to participate in decisions affecting their education and that of their peers. 2.2 Parents, CSOs and government structures have the capacities to demand and ensure the adequate operation of educational services for all learners, in particular girls, children with disabilities and children from minority groups and children facing	Ministries of Education; Ministry of Development and Coordination of Government Action; National Education Council WHO, WFP, FAO Development partners, CSOs, private sector	3 006	10 200	13 206

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						RR	OR	Total
		<p>B: 37.7%; T: 40%</p> <p>Mathematics B: 62.0%; T: 65%</p> <p>Percentage of children in grades 5–6 achieving minimum proficiency levels in reading B: 75.0%; T: 80%</p> <p>Mathematics B: 51.6%; T: 55.0%</p>		<p>emergency situations.</p> <p>2.3 The Government and municipalities have the capacity to offer quality, inclusive education services, in particular for adolescents and young girls, even in emergency situations.</p> <p>2.4 Ministries in charge of education at the central and decentralized levels, municipalities and communities have the capacities to coordinate, plan, implement, monitor, and evaluate resources and education results.</p>	foundations, businesses			
	Outcome 3: By 2026, all children and adolescents, especially girls and adolescent girls from the most vulnerable families, at risk or	<p>Percentage of young women and men aged 18–29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18, by sex and age B: 5%; T: 2.7%</p> <p>Number of girls and boys who have experienced violence reached by</p>	<p>MICS/DHS</p> <p>Sector reviews</p>	3.1 Young people, parents, leaders and other community members have increased capacities and resilience to ensure the well-being of children, especially	Ministry of Social Affairs and Microfinance; Ministry of the Interior and Public Security; Ministry of	3 246	6 710	9 956

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	experiencing violence, exploitation, abuse, neglect, and harmful practices receive preventive or responsive services that ensure their physical, mental, and social well-being, including in emergency situations	<p>health, social work or justice/law enforcement services</p> <p>B: 15 652 (2022) T: 15 000/year</p> <p>Women (aged 20–24 years) married before age 18</p> <p>B: 27.5; T: 25.5</p> <p>Number of adolescent girls receiving prevention and care interventions to address child marriage</p> <p>B: 73 603 (2022) T: 75 000/year</p> <p>Percentage of children aged 5 to 17 years involved in child labour</p> <p>B: 19.9%; T: 17.9%</p>	<p>MICS/DHS</p> <p>Sector reviews</p> <p>MICS/DHS</p> <p>Sector management information system</p>	<p>girls and adolescents, the abandonment of harmful practices, adaptation to climate change, social cohesion, gender equality and inclusion and children and adolescents are equipped, as agents of change, to reduce their risky behaviours relating to priority deprivations.</p> <p>3.2 National, departmental and municipal child protection structures have increased capacities and offer quality prevention and care services sensitive to gender and disability, to children at risk or victims of violence, sexual abuse, child marriage, early pregnancy, and exploitation, including in emergencies.</p>	<p>Justice and Legislation; Ministry of Labour and Public Service; National Agency for the Identification of Persons, Central Office for the Protection of Minors, National Institute for Women; Ombudsman of the Republic of Benin</p> <p>UNFPA, UNDP</p> <p>Development partners; CSOs; women's associations; research institutions; private sector; foundations</p>			

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				3.3 National, departmental and municipal institutions have increased capacities to ensure the application of laws and policies, to budget, coordinate and implement resilient and effective child protection systems by adopting an integrated approach, for a protective environment for children.				
	Outcome 4: By 2026, all children, especially disadvantaged children, and those living in vulnerable departments, use social protection services adapted to shocks and are protected from poverty	Proportion of children suffering from at least three deprivations in the different domains of well-being B: 58.5% (2021); T: 56% Proportion of total public expenditure allocated to essential services B: 43.8% (2021); T: 46% Proportion of population covered by social protection systems B: 7.6% (2021); T: 11.1%	Multiple Overlapping Deprivation Analysis (MODA); Harmonized Living Conditions Survey; MICS MODA; Analysis of social sectors budget; Finance law of the year; World Social Protection Report; Sustainable Development	4.1 National and local structures and actors have increased capacity to design and implement evidence-based development and poverty reduction policies. 4.2 National and local actors have acquired technical skills to conceptualize, coordinate and implement inclusive, integrated and gender-sensitive	Ministry of Economy and Finance Ministry of Development and Coordination of Government Action Ministries of social sectors National Institute of Statistics and Demography	4 385	25 720	30 105

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						RR	OR	Total
			Goals monitoring annual report	social protection systems for the most vulnerable families and children, including in emergency situations. 4.3 National, and local actors, including civil society, have enhanced their knowledge and capacity on public finance for children, adolescents, women and girls, resulting in greater effectiveness, efficiency and transparency for realization of their rights.	UNDP Development partners; CSOs; Several universities			
	Outcome 5: A well-developed, properly managed country programme delivers the expected outcomes for vulnerable children.	Office year-end overall performance index B: 0.89%; T: 0.90%	Performance scorecard	5.1 UNICEF and its partners are equipped to plan and monitor programme implementation. 5.2 UNICEF and its partners have the tools and resources they need to advocate, communicate externally and build partnerships	Development partners; CSOs	6 475	3 500	9 975

<i>UNSDCF outcomes</i>	<i>UNICEF outcomes</i>	<i>Key progress indicators, baselines (B) and targets (T)</i>	<i>Means of verification</i>	<i>Country programme outputs</i>	<i>Major partners, partnership frameworks</i>	<i>Indicative resources by country programme outcome: regular resources (RR), other resources (OR) (In thousands of United States dollars)</i>		
						<i>RR</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>Total</i>
				to promote children's rights. 5.3 UNICEF and its partners have an effective coordination mechanism to strengthen synergies across sectors.				
Total resources^a						24 477	78 490	102 967

^a Other resources (emergency) are expected.