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for every child

## Humanitarian Action for Children

With UNICEF support, Ms Hang Chanthourn, 35, received a booster shot at Bavel Referral Hospital in Bavel Commune, Battambang Province, Cambodia.

# ACT-A

## HIGHLIGHTS

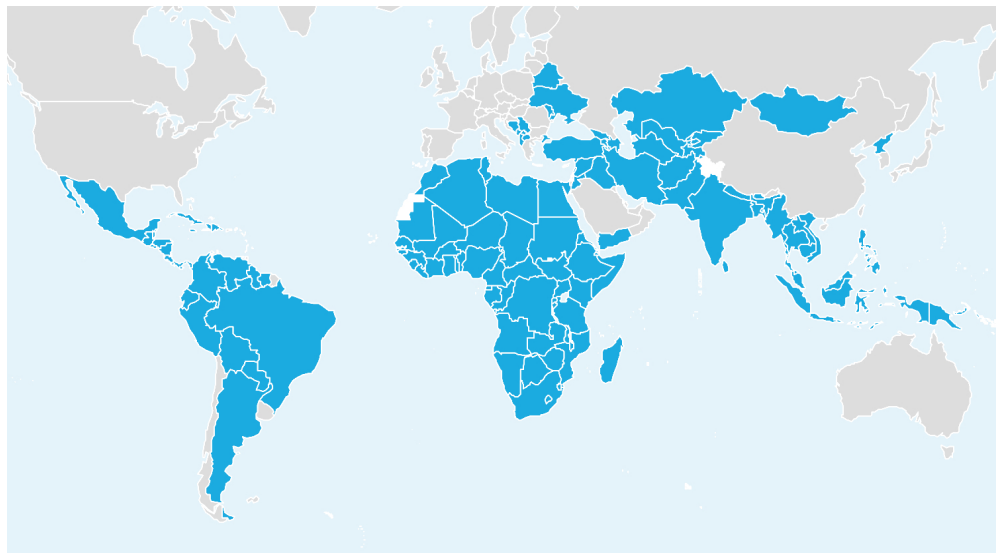
The COVID-19 pandemic remains a crisis on an unprecedented scale. National governments continue to grapple with the challenges of implementing public health measures, maintaining essential health and social services, and reaching populations—especially the hardest to reach—with COVID-19 tools. New variants continue to emerge as the pandemic persists.

Bringing its technical expertise in supply, logistics and programming, UNICEF is the lead implementation partner of the Access to COVID-19 Tools Accelerator (ACT-A).<sup>1</sup> Working with ACT-A partners, national governments and communities, UNICEF is working to address the stark inequalities that exist in access to COVID-19 vaccines, tests, treatments and personal protective equipment (PPE).

In 2021, UNICEF shipped more than 560 million COVID-19 doses to 144 countries and has provided in-country technical and financial support in over 130 countries to turn vaccines into vaccinations. Yet more needs to be done to end this pandemic, especially in humanitarian situations.

The 2022 ACT-A Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal seeks to raise US\$1.3 billion. We urgently require funds to:

- support in-country delivery of COVID-19 vaccines with a focus on interventions that strengthen primary health care systems
- deliver diagnostic tests and related technical assistance
- strengthen oxygen systems and deliver novel and repurposed therapeutics
- provide front-line workers with PPE and supplies to work safely
- support risk communication and community engagement (RCCE) to promote the uptake of COVID-19 vaccines, tests and treatments.



This map does not reflect a position by UNICEF on the legal status of any country or territory or the delimitation of any frontiers. UNICEF will support low- and middle-income countries with humanitarian needs to reach their most vulnerable populations.

## KEY PLANNED RESULTS



**4 billion**

vaccine doses to be delivered via ACT-A partners, including UNICEF<sup>8</sup>



**988 million**

diagnostic tests to be delivered via ACT-A partners, including UNICEF<sup>9</sup>



**120 million**

cases treated with support from ACT-A partners, including UNICEF



**2.7 million**

health workers protected with PPE with support from ACT-A partners, including UNICEF

## FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

**US\$ 1.3 billion**

## HUMANITARIAN SITUATION AND NEEDS

Since the start of the pandemic, 260 million COVID-19 cases and 5.2 million deaths have been reported globally.<sup>2</sup> Yet these figures likely under-report the devastation, especially in low- and middle-income countries, where data availability, surveillance and testing capacity are limited. Disruptions to education and essential health services remain significant.<sup>3</sup> The COVID-19 crisis is exacerbating the vulnerabilities of children and families everywhere – and fueling inequalities.

As the pandemic continues, many national governments are struggling to sustain implementation of public health measures to reduce transmission of COVID-19, and deliver on their broader response plans to address COVID-19 and its consequences. Weak health systems lack capacity to deliver COVID-19 tools at scale. Greater support is also needed to work with communities and civil society to address COVID-19 misinformation, combat vaccine hesitancy and increase the adoption of vaccines, tests and treatments.

While we laud the significant achievements of the ACT-A collaboration so far,<sup>4</sup> we note that access to COVID-19 tools remains grossly unequal. For example, as of 1 December 2021, only 3 per cent of people in low-income countries were fully vaccinated against COVID-19, compared with 68 per cent of people in high-income countries.<sup>5</sup> In fragile and humanitarian contexts, populations in need are still not being reached effectively. This inequality is not only unjust, but is also prolonging the pandemic for everyone, as new variants emerge in settings where vaccine coverage is low and COVID-19 infections continue to spread.

Urgent attention is needed to ensure that people affected by humanitarian crises and other marginalized and vulnerable populations<sup>6</sup> have access to COVID-19 tools. The Humanitarian Buffer<sup>7</sup> mechanism has been established with the COVAX Facility as a measure of 'last resort' to reach vulnerable populations when all other efforts have failed. Its aim is to deliver 100 million COVID-19 vaccine doses.

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## STORY FROM THE FIELD



UNICEF and partners continue working to keep children and their families safe and healthy through the pandemic. Rolling out COVID-19 vaccines, tests, treatments and PPE are a critical part of an integrated response to COVID-19.

In Nepal, reaching the most remote areas of the country is vital in helping to stop the spread of the pandemic. UNICEF has been working closely with the government and key partners such as Gavi to provide technical and logistical support at federal, provincial/district and local levels for effective vaccine and cold chain management.

Assessing, expanding and strengthening the country's cold chain capacity is important to keep vaccines safe and at the correct temperatures throughout their journey. This has included installation of cold rooms, refrigerators and freezers in vaccine storage facilities at the central, provincial, district and local levels, and the provision of refrigerated containers cold boxes and carriers for transportation.

**[Read more about this story here](#)**

On 4 August 2021, at the Pipalchauri Health Post in Dahun, a remote part of Darchula District in Nepal's far-west, 45-year-old local Dhaula Devi Mahar receives the COVID-19 vaccine.

# HUMANITARIAN STRATEGY

UNICEF's strategy to deliver on its ACT-A commitments complements the agency's ongoing work to mitigate the impacts of the pandemic, deliver essential health and social services, and build more resilient systems. In 2022, through this appeal, UNICEF will focus on the following key priorities:

In all low- and middle-income countries where UNICEF provides in-country delivery support,<sup>10</sup> UNICEF will provide technical assistance and support to:

- **The Vaccine Pillar** – to turn vaccines into vaccinations, UNICEF will prioritize high-risk, hard-to-reach groups, including humanitarian populations, and work to reduce inequities in countries. The Inter-Agency Standing Committee has agreed that UNICEF's ACT-A HAC appeal will be the centralized mechanism for financing operational costs associated with vaccine allocations from the Humanitarian Buffer.<sup>11</sup> When supporting countries in vaccine delivery, UNICEF will focus on activities and approaches that simultaneously strengthen the health system, such as implementing digital immunization records and improving the overall management of the supply chain.
- **Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) (part of the Health Systems and Response Connector)** – to build the capacities of civil society, community health actors and the social service workforce in relevant programmatic areas, such as community engagement and interpersonal communication. UNICEF will support people-centred, community-led engagement campaigns to increase trust, promote the adoption of COVID-19 tools and address vaccine hesitancy.

In the most vulnerable countries with ongoing humanitarian crises,<sup>12</sup> UNICEF will provide procurement, supply and technical assistance to:

- **The Diagnostics Pillar** – to support procurement and supply of diagnostic tests,<sup>13</sup> to meet acute gaps for COVID-19 testing. Where needed, diagnostics will be accompanied by technical assistance to support rapid scale-up (e.g., strengthening supply chains and training health workers).
- **The Therapeutics Pillar** – to provide technical support to build and improve oxygen systems and supplies.
- **Personal Protective Equipment (part of the Health Systems and Response Connector)** – to procure and deliver quality PPE to enable front-line workers to deliver health care safely. UNICEF has PPE stock pre-positioned and available for delivery to countries in need, subject to funding.

To enable an effective coordinated response, UNICEF will invest in:

- **Global coordination and technical support** – to enable effective coordination with ACT-A partners and across headquarters, regional offices and country offices. In doing so, UNICEF will have greater capacity to provide timely strategic, technical, advocacy, communications, and partnership support, and leverage existing investments.

This appeal is aligned with the revised Core Commitments for Children in Humanitarian Action, which are based on global standards and norms for humanitarian action.

# 2022 PROGRAMME TARGETS



## Vaccines

- **70** per cent of the population in low-income countries is fully vaccinated against COVID-19<sup>14</sup>
- **4,100,000,000** COVID-19 vaccine doses are administered in low- and middle-income countries<sup>15</sup>
- **100,000,000** Humanitarian Buffer COVID-19 vaccine doses are administered<sup>16</sup>



## Diagnostics

- **21,000,000** COVID-19 diagnostic tests are procured and delivered in countries with Humanitarian Response Plans<sup>17</sup>
- **10** countries with Humanitarian Response Plans have scaled up COVID-19 testing with technical assistance from UNICEF<sup>18</sup>



## Therapeutics

- **20** countries with Humanitarian Response Plans have scaled up oxygen treatment systems with technical assistance from UNICEF<sup>19</sup>



## Health Systems Connector: Personal protective equipment

- **55,000,000** days' worth of quality PPE is delivered to protect health workers in countries with Humanitarian Response Plans as they support the roll-out of new COVID-19 tools<sup>20</sup>
- **30** countries with Humanitarian Response Plans receive quality PPE to enable the safe roll-out of new COVID-19 tools<sup>21</sup>



## Risk communication and community engagement

- **133** low- and middle-income countries implement ACT-A related RCCE interventions based on social and behavioural evidence<sup>22</sup>
- **90** per cent of individuals report they would get vaccinated once a vaccine is available and recommended<sup>23</sup>

# FUNDING REQUIREMENTS IN 2022

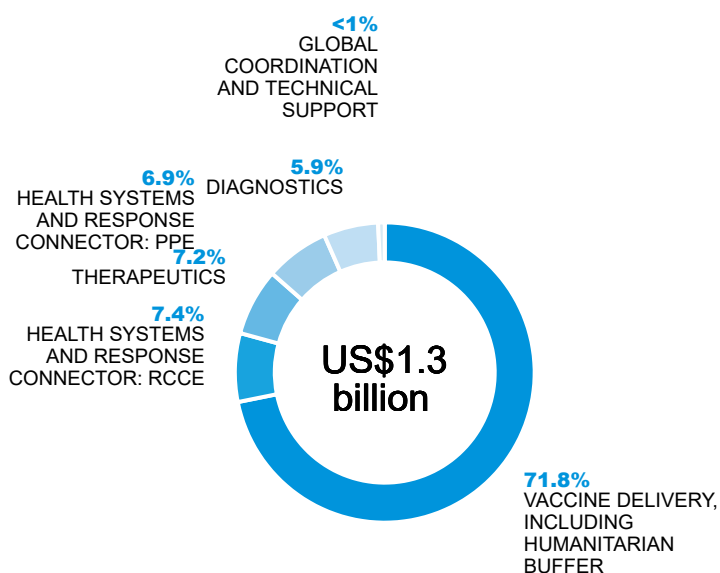
UNICEF's 2022 ACT-A HAC appeal of US\$1.3 billion has been defined in consultation with UNICEF regional and country offices. Building on the results achieved through the support of last year's appeal, we double-down our focus on our two key programmatic priorities: 1) to scale up the in-country delivery of COVID-19 vaccines, including in humanitarian settings; and 2) to increase adoption of, and trust in, vaccines and other COVID-19 tools in all low- and middle-income countries.

For **Vaccines**, the 2022 appeal, revised in April 2022, totals US\$914 million. This includes the US\$575 million that UNICEF seeks to raise to support vaccine delivery, and a carryover from 2021 of US\$339 million. The US\$575 million reflects UNICEF's additional need for 2022, which was informed by the detailed costing<sup>24</sup> that took into account vaccine doses and funding received in 2021, and was agreed with ACT-A partners. As of March 31, 2022, US\$339 million that was received in 2021 and allocated to countries has been carried forward and is under utilisation, in line with implementation plans and 2022 grant expiration dates. In 2022, UNICEF will continue to focus on humanitarian settings, including through the Humanitarian Buffer, and closing the equity gaps in delivering vaccines to the most vulnerable.

For **RCCE**, the 2022 appeal amount is higher than in 2021 because UNICEF has a unique role to play in: 1) scaling up capacity to implement tailored evidence-based RCCE interventions, and 2) strengthening engagement with civil society and communities to address vaccine hesitancy and increase adoption of health behaviours to curb the pandemic.

For **Diagnostics, Therapeutics and PPE**, the 2022 appeal will address the needs of 30 countries with humanitarian situations, where UNICEF can focus its expertise to address the inequalities in access to COVID-19 tests, treatments and PPE.

Direct funding to UNICEF will help ensure efficient and timely support for the last-mile delivery of COVID-19 vaccines, tests and treatments to those in need, and PPE to protect health workers. Contributions through this ACT-A HAC appeal (as well as through other UNICEF fundraising channels)<sup>25</sup> will be critical to ensuring that the most vulnerable, crisis-affected populations are reached with COVID-19 tools, and that progress towards global ACT-A targets is accelerated. In addition, UNICEF will prioritize strategies that strengthen the health system while also ensuring efficient delivery of COVID-19 tools.



Appeal sector	Revised 2022 HAC requirement (US\$)
Diagnostics	75,000,000
Therapeutics	92,000,000
Vaccine delivery, including Humanitarian Buffer	913,612,372
Health Systems and Response Connector: PPE	88,000,000
Health Systems and Response Connector: RCCE	94,000,000
Global coordination and technical support	9,000,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,271,612,372</b>

Appeal sector	Original 2022 HAC requirement (US\$)	Revised 2022 HAC requirement (US\$)	Funds available (US\$)	Funding gap (US\$)	2022 funding gap (%)
Diagnostics	75,000,000	75,000,000	20,586,341	54,413,659	72.6%
Therapeutics	92,000,000	92,000,000	45,778,593	46,221,407	50.2%
Vaccine delivery, including Humanitarian Buffer	575,000,000	913,612,372	556,051,521	357,560,851	39.1%
Health Systems and Response Connector: PPE	88,000,000	88,000,000	32,695,208	55,304,792	62.8%
Health Systems and Response Connector: RCCE	94,000,000	94,000,000	38,509,215	55,490,785	59.0%
Global coordination and technical support	9,000,000	9,000,000	8,177,322	822,678	9.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>933,000,000</b>	<b>1,271,612,372</b>	<b>701,798,200</b>	<b>569,814,172</b>	<b>44.8%</b>

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# ENDNOTES

1. World Health Organization. ACT-Accelerator Strategic Plan & Budget, October 2021 to September 2022, <<https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/act-accelerator-strategic-plan-budget-october-2021-to-september-2022>>, accessed 1 December 2021. UNICEF works across all ACT-A pillars: the Vaccine, Diagnostics, Therapeutics and Health Systems and Response connector. COVAX is the Vaccine Pillar of ACT-A and is co-convened by the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations, Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, WHO and UNICEF. UNICEF is the lead implementation partner for end-to-end procurement, supply and delivery of COVID-19 vaccines. UNICEF also co-convenes the Health Systems and Response connector with The Global Fund, World Bank and WHO.
2. World Health Organization COVID-19 Dashboard, <<https://covid19.who.int/>>, accessed 1 December 2021.
3. United Nations Children's Fund 2021, <<https://www.unicef.org/press-releases/covid-19-continues-disrupt-essential-health-services-90-cent-countries>> accessed 30 August 2021; and UNICEF 2021, <<https://www.unicef.org/rosa/reports/direct-and-indirect-effects-covid-19-pandemic-and-response-south-asia>>, accessed 1 December 2021.
4. ACT-Accelerator: Quarterly Update Q3: 1 July – 30 September 2021, <<https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/act-accelerator-quarterly-update-q3>>, accessed 9 November 2021.
5. Our World in Data, Share of the population fully vaccinated against COVID-19, <<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/share-people-fully-vaccinated-covid?country=High+income%7EUpper+middle+income%7ELower+middle+income%7ELow+income>>, accessed 9 November 2021.
6. Including refugees, asylum seekers, migrants, internally displaced persons and people living in areas under the control of armed groups for which governments may not have control.
7. For more information, see <<https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/inter-agency-standing-committee/covax-humanitarian-buffer>>. UNICEF is expected to be the procurer for most Humanitarian Buffer doses and approximately 75 per cent of these are expected to require in-country delivery cost that will be channeled through the ACT-A HAC.
8. For 2022, ACT-A/COVAX target is to achieve a population coverage of 70 per cent in low- and middle-income countries and reach each person with either one dose of Johnson & Johnson vaccine or two doses of other COVID-19 vaccine formulations, approximately an additional 4.1 billion doses needed to be administered as of October 2021 from all sources. The doses needed to reach the 70 per cent target in low- and middle-income countries are continuously updated by ACT-A partners and will be updated in our appeal in June 2022 based on country coverage targets.
9. The ACT-A Diagnostics Pillar aims to support the procurement of 988 million tests to advance testing rates to a minimum of 100 tests per 100,000 individuals per day from October 2021 to September 2022.
10. UNICEF provides in-country delivery support to all low- and middle-income countries, with the exception of Bulgaria, China, Romania and the Russian Federation. Low- and middle-income countries are defined using the World Bank classification of economies. For this 2022 HAC appeal, the needs assessment only included countries that have not yet achieved 70 per cent population coverage of COVID-19 vaccination. In agreement with Gavi, UNICEF will complement country delivery support to include: delivery costs needed for the Humanitarian Buffer and humanitarian settings; support to AMC countries for targeted emergency needs through its UNICEF country offices; and support for non-Gavi-eligible low- and middle-income countries. By doing so, UNICEF will leverage its existing role and expertise in emergency settings and build on its ability to move funding quickly to country level through its country offices and fill critical gaps.
11. By supporting this HAC appeal, donors can have confidence that their funding will be used by the humanitarian agencies selected to deliver to populations of concern by the Inter-agency Standing Committee (IASC) decision-making body, based on the endorsement of the humanitarian country team, the United Nations country team or its equivalent. The IASC decision-making body reviews, approves and endorses proposals. UNICEF will support the swift allocation of funds to implementing partners by leveraging existing partnership agreements and systems.
12. A humanitarian crisis is defined as any circumstance where humanitarian needs are sufficiently large and complex to require significant external assistance and resources, and where a multisectoral response is needed, with the engagement of a wide range of international humanitarian actors. For the purpose of the ACT-A HAC, we will focus on the 30 countries that have Humanitarian Response Plans (HRP) [Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, DPR Korea, Ethiopia, Haiti, Iraq, Lebanon, Libya, Mali, Mozambique, Myanmar, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Somalia, South Sudan, State of Palestine, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Ukraine, Venezuela, Yemen, Zimbabwe].
13. Both antigen rapid diagnostic tests and molecular PCR tests.
14. As of 1 December, only 3 per cent of people living in low-income countries were fully vaccinated. See, <<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/share-people-fully-vaccinated-covid?tab=chart&country=High+income~Upper+middle+income~Lower+middle+income~Low+income>>. UNICEF contributes to the achievement of this indicator with partners.
15. For 2022, ACT-A/COVAX target is to achieve a population coverage of 70 per cent in low- and middle-income countries and reach each person with either one dose of Johnson & Johnson vaccine or two doses of other COVID-19 vaccine formulations, approximately an additional 4.1 billion doses needed to be administered as of October 2021 from all sources. The doses needed to reach the 70 per cent target in low- and middle-income countries are continuously updated by ACT-A partners and will be updated in our appeal in June 2022 based on country coverage targets. UNICEF contributes to the achievement of this indicator with partners.
16. UNICEF support will include procurement, technical assistance or in-country delivery cost provision.
17. Priority will be to countries with Humanitarian Response Plans and where situations of concern are deemed "Critical risk" or "High risk."
18. Priority will be given to Sudan, Yemen, Pakistan, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, and Niger.
19. Priority will be given to countries based on review of requests by the global and regional technical team, where additional resources can have immediate catalytic impact.
20. UNICEF will model progress towards this indicator based on the estimated costs used by the ACT-A Hub to provide a community-based front-line worker with basic PPE for one day. We note that there are many assumptions and also that there is marked variation in the type of PPE needed (such as masks, eye protection, gloves, gowns and disposable bags to safely store and discard contaminated items) that are used and the costs vary significantly.
21. Priority will be to countries with Humanitarian Response Plans and where situations of concern are deemed "Critical risk" or "High risk."
22. Risk communication and community engagement interventions include engaging with communities, influencers, local groups, media and front-line workers for behaviour change. It also involves the creation of engagement platforms, participation, feedback and accountability mechanisms, as well as capacity building and evidence generation (e.g., via social listening, monitoring of rumours, monitoring uptake of practices). There is a focus on sustained community trust.
23. The data source for this indicator will be: COVID-19 Behavioural Indicators - Collective Service for Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) (rcce-collective.net). In January 2021, the percentage of individuals who would get vaccinated once a vaccine is available was 69.5 per cent, and by October 2021, this had increased to 89.3 per cent. UNICEF contributes to the achievement of this indicator with partners.
24. United Nations Children's Fund, 'Costs and Predicted Financing Gap to Deliver COVID-19 Vaccines in 133 Low- and Middle-Income Countries,' UNICEF, January 2022, <<https://www.unicef.org/documents/costs-and-predicted-financing-gap-deliver-covid-19-vaccines-133-low-and-middle-income>>.
25. The ACT-A HAC appeal forms a major part of UNICEF's overall estimated fundraising need of US\$4.8 billion for ACT-A related activities in 2022, as reflected in UNICEF's investment case released in February 2022, <<https://www.unicef.org/media/115196/file/UNICEF-Investment-Case-ACT-A+-FullReport.pdf>>. UNICEF is fundraising for around 17 per cent of the US\$23.4 billion ACT-A funding gap across all ACT-A partners for 2022. In addition, through the Supplies Financing Facility, <<https://www.unicef.org/supply/unicefs-act-supplies-financing-facility>>, UNICEF is supporting low- and middle-income countries to access, purchase and receive the delivery of key COVID-19 supplies via UNICEF Procurement Services.